INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Wall preparation:
• The smooth wall surface should be clean, dry, and free of mildew, grease, or stains. Walls should be primed and painted with white latex paint and cured prior to installation.

Paper preparation:
• In planning the room, discretely mark the wall at the top and bottom to ensure there is a vertical level reference for the first piece of wallpaper.
• Cut first sheet to height of wall, adding 1” extra that will be trimmed off - max size of 8’1” if you need a matching piece! Be careful throughout this installation not to crease the paper to avoid scarring - although small wrinkles will relax during installation.
• Completely submerge loosely rolled wallpaper in water for 10 to 15 seconds to activate the adhesive using a wallpaper tray, sink or tub.
• Remove by pulling the leading edge of the paper out of the tray, slowly unrolling as you go.
• Lay the paper on a table or a covered floor with glue-side up. Book the glue side against itself by folding from each end to meet in the middle. Avoid any hard creasing. For best results, rest each panel after folding the same amount of time (approximately 1-3 minutes) before putting on wall.

Installation:
• Unfold the upper half of the wallpaper, leaving the lower half of the wallpaper folded. Position the glue-exposed portion against the top half of the wall straight and level with the 1” extra material above your top trim line.
• Once satisfied with the top half positioning, unfold the remainder of the sheet and drop gently and line it up with the bottom wall mark from the plumb line for a straight edge. The next piece will line up to this leading edge.
• Use a damp sponge or soft smoothing tool and gently begin smoothing from the center of the sheet first outward, then upward and downward.
• Do not press down hard on the paper with your smoothing tool.
• Do not over smooth bubbles smaller than the size of a quarter. It is natural for paper to expand when wet and it will contract and pull to the wall when it dries.
• After hanging each piece, clean the paper from top to bottom with a clean, damp sponge to clean off any excess paste.
• Trim the excess off top and bottom with a sharp razor knife against a straight edge guide.

Removal:
• Wash down with a wet sponge until material peels away easily in a full sheet. Then, using clean water wash down walls until no residue is visible.